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VOL. IX No. 3653

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PRICE 5 CENTS

Senators And Carter Discuss Resignations

PORTUGUESE ARE NOT LEAVING AS FAST AS RUMORED

The alarm felt by Secretary Atkinson, as indicated by the interview with him published in one of the city papers, has been a matter of much surprise to those in a position to know the details of the emigration figures as regards the Portuguese.

According to one man, the Secretary's statements are a symposium of assertions made by certain Portuguese in conference, ideas presented by Governor Carter, a smattering of suggestions by Tenney, and a broad jump at conclusions on the subject of the Portuguese leaving the islands.

On this last subject there have been many broad and irresponsible statements that some persons have taken the trouble to compile exact figures on the number of Portuguese to leave the islands since the 1st of December, when the new immigrants by the Suverie arrived. The record of departures follows:

Date	Stmr.	Men	Women	Children
Dec. 6, Alameda	...	10	13	23
Dec. 29, Alameda	...	10	4	6
Total December	...	20	17	29
Jan. 4, Alameda	...	7	3	1
Jan. 17, Korea	...	4	5	8
Total January	...	11	8	9
Feb. 4, Siberia	...	2	2	3
Feb. 6, Alameda	...	4	1	...
Feb. 12, China	...	2	1	...
Feb. 19, Mongolia	...	10	5	14
Total February	...	18	9	19
March 29, Alameda	...	68	41	109
Total for period	...	117	75	166

A large portion of those who went by the last Alameda were from Kauai, indicating that there is some cause for special dissatisfaction in that part of the islands.

It will be noted that not four hundred Portuguese, counting men, women and children, have left the islands since the 1st of December. Atkinson is quoted as saying that 499 left in the Alameda. Whether there are four hundred yet to go, the Good Lord and the Portuguese themselves alone can tell. During the past few months there has been a more or less regular return of Portuguese who have been to the Coast and found that the facts of life there were not

as brilliant as the prospects were painted. The return, however, has not been equal to the number of departures. At the same time, the departures have not anywhere near equalled the arrival of new men and families.

What the Secretary is driving at beyond the possibility of saying something that will make an impression in Washington that he is whipping things into shape in Hawaii, is a mystery to some of the men down town.

No one questions the necessity for holding the Portuguese. No one has attempted to dispute the theory that families attached to the land are more stable than those working for day-wages and not attached to the land. No one has any doubt about the President's views on the matter of labor in Hawaii.

The Secretary is quoted as saying he does not believe in quitting, but since he has exaggerated the departures of Portuguese to such an extent, some of those interested have been inclined to ask what clear-cut, definite, businesslike and practical suggestion the Secretary has ever made for the solution of labor or immigration affairs in this Territory.

As one man put it, "The noble Secretary has buzzed like a bee in a hot frying-pan, but I have yet to hear of his presenting a definite plan by which to go ahead. He is forever bawling at the agricultural interests. He says they must dig down in their pockets. All right, haven't they shown a readiness to dig to the tune of a hundred thousand dollars a shipment? And now suppose they use this money to pay the Portuguese more wages, as was originally suggested by the Portuguese—not the Secretary—can he tell us whether that will hold them when San Francisco is holding out glittering stories of \$5. a day? It is supreme rot to talk of agricultural interests or any other interests competing with the boom wages of San Francisco, if a man has the emigration fever and has made up his mind to go.

"I like to hear the Secretary talk but his latest delivery is not original and outside the plagiaristic part of it is ninety per cent. hot air."

KUROKI WILL REPRESENT JAPAN

Tokio, March 28.—General Kuroki will represent the Japanese army at the Jamestown Exposition.

Tacoma Gets 3 Shakes

(Associated Press Special Cable)
TACOMA, Wash., March 29.—Three earthquake shocks were felt here today. No damage was done.

To Write Experience

(Associated Press Special Cable)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.—General MacArthur has been relieved from his position as commander of the Pacific Division and ordered to Milwaukee, where he will write a full report on the results of his trip to the Orient. General MacArthur was with the Japanese army for a time and then made an extensive tour of the Orient.

Promise To Be Friendly

(Associated Press Special Cable)
ONDJA, Morocco, March 29.—The French forces have occupied the city. The Moorish Governor has given assurances of his friendly attitude.

SALARY GRAB BILL MAY BE DEFEATED

Reconsideration Moved This Morning By Long

NECESSARY VOTES ARE THOUGHT TO BE SECURED

Some of the Representatives Who Originally Favored the Measure Have Been Won Over

22nd Day—Forenoon Session.
There are indications that the House is going to rescind its action on the salary grab bill. It was known yesterday that Long would move a reconsideration of the vote on that measure, and hurried efforts were made by the grabbers to get the bill out of harm's way by rushing it up to the Senate. This morning Long made his expected motion, and although the ne-

(Continued on Page 2)

STEAMSHIP LOSS INVESTIGATION

Seattle, March 28.—An official investigation of the loss of the Northern Pacific liner Dakota has begun here.

"For Rent" cards on sale at the Bulletin office.

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Governor Carter's Policy

In reference to the visit of the upper Paloio valley delegation to urge the construction of a road, appropriated for by the last Legislature, Governor Carter stated this morning that he told them that he did not see what he could do for them.

"People seem to forget," he said, "that we have County government now, and they still want to go ahead in the old way and have the Territorial Government appropriate for County work. We do not want to go back to the old order. County government is working well and we should stick to it. It is the business of the Counties to construct roads, etc., and I referred the delegation to the County. I told them that if the County cannot build the road, then the only thing to do was to go to the Legislature and get that body to pass a bill for Oahu County.

"But I told them that that would establish a bad precedent and open up the way for all the other Counties to come in and ask for the same kind of thing.

"That is the reason I vetoed the measure providing \$5,000 for the opening up of the Kan lava road. It is the business of the County to do that—not the Legislature.

"Besides that, we have only a certain amount of money to spend and the appropriations already made exceed that amount by \$12,000. If the salary appropriations are not low enough to offset the excess—and they seem to be running the other way—I shall have to exercise my prerogative of deciding what appropriations shall not be expended.

"I should think the Legislature would prefer to have it the other way. If their appropriations are within the income, I am obliged to spend them, but when they run over the income, that puts more power in the hands of the Executive, for then he has the privilege of saying what appropriations shall not be expended."

SUGAR

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 28. SUGAR: 96 degrees Centrifugals, 3.61 cents or \$72.20 per ton. Previous quotation, 3.565 cents.

MILLIONAIRE SUICIDE

Cincinnati, March 28.—W. A. Proctor, the millionaire president of Proctor & Gamble, is dead from a self-inflicted bullet.

Buy the children's shoes for Easter at Kerr's. Special prices Friday and Saturday. Store open Saturday evenings.

Fine Job Printing at the Bulletin Office.

The Bridge of Sighs

When the average salaried man meets with an accident and the family income stops short, debts are contracted, etc., making the journey back to independence long and bitter—sometimes unending. Fortification against this is a policy in the Standard Life and Accident Insurance Co. The cost is little and the returns are large.

Hawaiian Trust Company, Ltd.
Fort St. Honolulu

Filipinos Will Elect Delegates

(Associated Press Special Cable)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.—President Roosevelt has ordered the Philippine Commission to call for an election of delegates to a Philippine Assembly. He declares that peace is practically restored in the islands.

Rebels Recognized

(Associated Press Special Cable)
MANAGUA, C. A., March 29.—The Republic of Costa Rica has recognized the provisional government of Honduras.

Gallows Get Soeder

(Associated Press Special Cable)
SAN QUENTIN, Cal., March 29.—Leon Soeder was hanged here today for the murder of Joseph Blaise.

JAPAN TREATS WITH EUROPEAN POWERS

Forming Alliance With Russia, France And Great Britain

LOCAL JAPANESE GETS INTERESTING LETTER

Claims That His Countrymen Excluded from America Will From Now On Take Land in Manchuria

When the Hongkong Maru arrived from the Orient the other day, Proprietor Matsuda of the Yamaichi Hotel got, so he said, "the most important letter he has received since he set his feet on the soil of Hawaii."

The letter states that a very heated discussion had occupied the attention of the members of the Japanese Parliament. It was on the subject of Japan's entering into a treaty with

(Continued on Page 2)

HONDURANS ABANDON CAPITAL

San Salvador, March 28.—The Honduran forces have abandoned their capital but have recaptured Comayagua.

Fine Job Printing at the Bulletin Office.

Furniture
LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK IN THE ISLANDS.
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SENATE AND CARTER CLASH ON UNDATED RESIGNATION PLAN

The Senate and the Governor today locked horns on the question of undated resignations. This Governor has stoutly maintained his old position in the matter, namely that he must hold the undated resignations of his appointees. This he told a committee of the Senate, which waited on him this morning. It is now up to the Legislature to act, and it will undoubtedly do so. What will follow will be well worth watching.

The matter of undated resignations was brought up in connection with the salary bill in the Senate yesterday afternoon, when Chillingworth scored strongly this usage, and moved to tack on to the bill a rider which prevented any official, who had given such a resignation to the Governor or other superior officer, from drawing salaries under the Territory. This was withdrawn later on, but only to give way to a provision for the appointment of a committee to interview the Governor on the subject. This committee was appointed today, consisting of Chillingworth, Haystack, Knudsen, McCarthy and Hewitt. The Senate took a recess at 11:15 and the committee remained with Carter until 12:05 p. m.

From what the members of the committee said about the meeting when they returned it appears to have been practically a clash between an immovable body and an irresistible force. The Governor frankly stated that he held the undated resignations of his appointees. He even stated that he did not think much of their strictly legal validity, but thought them valuable because of their moral effect. The Governor had, he maintained, tremendous responsibilities, and to carry these he must have the power of removal of his subordinates.

This brought up the question if under such a system the Governor could not, should he wish to do so, force a department head to act in certain matters not according to his own opinion, but according to that of the Governor, simply because he knew that his resignation could be acted on whenever the Governor so pleased.

As an answer the Governor had Attorney General Peiers and Superintendent of Public Works Holloway summoned. They both stated, when the question was put to them, that their actions had never in any way been influenced by the fact that the Governor held their undated resignations. This does not seem to have made any great impression on the Senators. They say that officials whose resignations are in the Governor's pocket, would naturally answer that way.

The Senators put the matter to the Governor this way: The law provided for this appointments, subject to the confirmation of the Senate. If he then held the resignations of his appointees, so that he could exercise them at will, did it not make a meaningless formality to have the Senate pass on them?

The Governor admitted that he always secured the undated resignation of his appointees, even before the Senate acted on them.

The Senators went further. Could not the Governor then appoint a mere dummy and have the appointment ratified, and then make use of the resignation and appoint someone else.

This, the Governor said, he had never done.

But, said the Senators, it could be done.

The Governor again maintained that he must have the power to discharge officials who were unsatisfactory. Under the present law it would be necessary to call a \$4000 special session of the legislature to discharge a \$40 employee. This was an impossible state of affairs and the system of holding undated resignations was the only way to solve the difficulty.

The Senators suggested that an amendment might be made to the Organic Act, giving the Governor the power to remove.

This, said the Governor, would be entirely satisfactory.

Senator Knudsen called attention to the deputy tax assessors whose undated resignations are held by the Treasurer.

Carter stated that the Treasurer had told him that this was the only way in which he was able to discharge unsatisfactory deputy assessors.

Knudsen called attention to the statute, which gives the Treasurer power to remove deputy assessors with the consent of the Governor.

Carter replied that he was no lawyer.

On the whole no result came of the conference. The Governor stated his position and stuck to it. The Senators argued the matter but made no demands and no threats. The subject was argued over and over in a circle of argument, and finally the committee retired.

CARTER'S SAY.

Governor Carter states, in reference to the conference with the committee, that it was entirely amicable and there was no feeling of belligerency or ill-will on either side.

"It takes two sides to make a row," he said, "and I have no row with the Senate, nor do I intend to have. I simply stated my position to the committee and told them that I could see no other way of getting an efficient administration. President Roosevelt told me once that it is a pretty poor man who can't give an efficient administration, and I intend to give one."

"I told the committee that I was not altogether satisfied with this undated resignation system, but I could see no other way of being sure to get the results. If they could suggest a better way, I would be glad to adopt it."

"It is not in my power to remove an official who proves unsatisfactory. It is only the Senate that can do that, and the Senate cannot be kept in session all the time. The only other way would be to call the Senate together in

(Continued on Page 2.)

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